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10/035,423

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Amnon Ribak

RIBAK2

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EXAMINER

LIN, KELVIN Y

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2142

DATE MAILED: 01/12/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Office Action Summary**

Application No.

10/035,423

Applicant(s)

RIBAK ET AL.

Examiner

Kelvin Lin

Art Unit

2142

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 September 2005.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-6, 8-21, 23-28, 30-35, 37-42, 44-57 and 59-70 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-6, 8-21, 23-28, 30-35, 37-42, 44-57 and 59-70 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Attachment(s)**

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

***Detailed Action***

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112***

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 8-9, and 30-31 need to be modified because they are depends on the deleted claims 7, and 23 respectively. For the purpose of continuing examination, claims 8-9 will be construed as depending on claim 6, and claims 30-31 will be construed as depending on claim 21.

***Response to Arguments***

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-6, 8-21, 23-28, 30-35, 37-42, 44-57, and 59-70 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
2. The examiner also note that the Applicant's statement of common ownership in the remarks field on September 28, 2005 does not comply with the formal requirements of MPEP 706.02(1)(2). The statement of common ownership is not either on a separate sheet or in a conspicuously labeled section.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

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The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35

U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this

Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

1. Claims 1-3, 11-21, 23-25, 32-35, 37-39, and 47-57 are rejected under 35 USC 102(e) as being anticipated by Bates et al., (US Patent No. 6789107).
2. Regarding claim 1, Bates teaches a method for providing information regarding a piece of electronic mail (e-mail), comprising:
  - processing a data set containing transmission data associated with the e-mail so as to determine one or more steps in a propagation history of the e-mail, the transmission data including identifiers of a sender of the e-mail and of one or more recipients of at least a portion of the e-mail (Bates, col.1, l.33-45, col.3, l.55-65, in which display a map view .. and a plurality or chain message replay corresponds to propagation history of E-mail);
  - graphically displaying the propagation history (Bates, col.4, l.7-13).

3. Regarding claim 2, Bates further discloses a method according to claim 1, wherein processing the data set comprises analyzing transmission information embedded in text of the e-mail (Bates, col.6, l.16-28) .
4. Regarding claim 3, Bates further discloses a method according to claim 1, wherein processing the data set comprises analyzing transmission information not contained in text of the e-mail (Bates, col.5, l.29-37)
5. Regarding claim 11, Bates further discloses a method according to claim 1, wherein processing the data set comprises determining two or more steps in the propagation history of the e-mail (Bates, col.1, l.47-57), the transmission data including for each step in the propagation history identifiers of a sender and one or more recipients of a respective portion of the piece of e-mail, wherein the method comprises:
  - receiving from a user a designation of an electronic mail correspondent (Bates, col.4, l.28-35, );
  - finding at least one identifier in the transmission data corresponding to the designated correspondent (Bates, col.4, l.43-50); and
  - displaying part of the piece of e-mail responsive to finding the at least one identifier (Bates, col. 4, l.51-54).
6. Regarding claim 12, Bates further discloses a method according to claim

- 11, wherein displaying part of the piece of e-mail comprises displaying e-mail content sent by the correspondent (Bates, col.4, l.50-58).
7. Regarding claim 13, Bates further discloses a method according to claim 11, wherein displaying part of the piece of e-mail comprises displaying e-mail content sent to the correspondent (Bates, col.5, l.8-12).
8. Regarding claim 14, Bates further discloses a method according to claim 11, and comprising:
- determining a location of the correspondent in a hierarchy (Bate, col. 4, l.50-56, col.5, l.57-67, in which “the map view is order by date, user id, and important message” corresponds to hierarchy, in addition, the “particular position” corresponds to the location in the map).
  - displaying the hierarchy (Bates, col.4, l.50-57); and
  - identifying for the user the location of the correspondent in the hierarchy (Bates, col.6, l.43-49).
9. Regarding claim 15, Bates further discloses a method according to claim 1, and comprising receiving information regarding a relationship relating members in a set, which set includes at least some of: the sender and the one or more recipients, wherein displaying the propagation history comprises displaying the propagation history responsive to the relationship (Bates, col.6, l.29-38, the mark of importance corresponds to the

relationship of the member in the message).

10. Regarding claim 16, Bates further discloses a method according to claim 15, wherein receiving the information comprises receiving geographical information about the members (Bates, col. 5, l.57-67, the particular position of the mail message has been identified corresponds to the geographical information).
11. Regarding claim 17, Bates further discloses a method according to claim 15, wherein receiving the information comprises receiving hierarchical and geographical information about the members (Bates, col.6, l.57-67, in which the mark of importance and the particular important section corresponds to the information of hierarchical and geographical information).
12. Regarding claim 18, Bates further discloses a method according to claim 15, wherein receiving the information comprises receiving hierarchical information about the members (Bates, col. 6, l.60-67, in which the importance of section corresponds to the member of the message ).
13. Regarding claim 19, Bates further discloses a method according to claim 18, wherein receiving hierarchical information comprises receiving, for each one of a plurality of the members, information indicating: (a) who reports to that member and (b) to whom does that member report (Bates, col.4, l.20-22, the previous send, forward, or replied among different users corresponds to the who reports and whom to be reported).

14. Regarding claim 20, Bates further discloses a method according to claim 18, wherein displaying the propagation history comprises: displaying a hierarchy including the members in the set; and displaying the propagation history with respect to the hierarchy (Bates, col. 3, l.60-67).
15. Regarding claim 21, Bates further discloses a method according to claim 20, wherein displaying the propagation history with respect to the hierarchy comprises superimposing a representation of the propagation history on the hierarchy (Bates, col. 4, l.55-58).
16. Regarding claims 23-25 have similar limitations as claims 1-3.  
Therefore, claims 23-25 are rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claims 1-3.
17. Regarding claims 32-35 have similar limitations as claims 1-3.  
Therefore, claims 32-35 are rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claims 1-3.
18. Regarding claims 37- 39 have similar limitations as claims 1-3.  
Therefore, claims 37-39 are rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claims 1-3.
19. Regarding claims 47-50 have similar limitations as claim 1-3, 14.  
Therefore, claims 47-50 are rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 1-3, 14.
20. Regarding claims 51-53 have similar limitations as claim 1-3, 14.



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Therefore, claims 51-53 are rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 1-3, 14.

21. Regarding claims 54-57 have similar limitations as claim 1-3, 14.

Therefore, claims 54-57 are rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 1-3, 14.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

22. Claims 4-5, 26-27, and 40-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bates in view of Smith et al., (U.S. Patent No. 6463462)

23. Regarding claims 4-5, Bates differs from the claimed invention in that it fails to teach the designating a first visual symbols for the primary, a second or other visual symbols for the secondary recipients.

However, Smith teaches:

a method according to claim 1, wherein displaying the propagation history comprises designating a first visual symbol to represent transmission of the e-mail to a primary recipient, and designating a second visual symbol different from the first visual symbol to represent transmission of the e-mail

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to a secondary recipient (Smith, col.6, 3-7, the profile manager maintaining the user profile for delivery method according to the recipient's message priority, device. Then UN, universal notification system, retrieve the recipient's profile and send to recipients, col. 9, l.54-60, fig. 18, shows the symbol for the different recipient and using different devices).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate Smith's display symbol with Bates system to provide recipient profile view (based on priority, device) to determine the important message on the display (Bates, Abstract).

The motivation would be combined Smith's symbol representation based on recipient's profile with Bates' analyzing and displaying capability of email will improve the capability for recipient to view the email system.

24. Regarding claims 26-27 have similar limitations as claim 4-5.

Therefore, claims 26-27 are rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 4-5.

25. Regarding claims 40-41 have similar limitations as claim 4-5.

Therefore, claims 40-41 are rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 4-5.

26. Claims 6, 8-10, 28, 30-31, 42, 44-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bates, and in view of Smith, and further in view of Pulley et al., (PG PUB No. 2002/0087679).

27. Regarding claims 6, and 8-10, Bates and Smith teach all the limitation of claims 8-10 except the color, animation and graphical movement of the recipient. However, Pulley clearly teaches the visualization metaphor for the email event including an animation comprise a path line, which is similar to the movement arrow indicates the moving direction. Also, Pulley further discloses the displaying of email event including things sending email, and receiving email. And the scan event includes things like tracing a route to find a path to the visitor, and the like. (Pulley, [0096], I.10-14, [0111], I. 8-13, [0124], I.I.3-11, [0135], [0136]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the display symbol and color of Bates as modified by the teaching of Smith, the motivation would be the symbol and color provide a very complex and powerful capability for analyzing and displaying of nature of email. In addition, the animation and graphical movement of Bates as modified by the teaching of Pulley will be effectively improved.

28. Regarding claims 28, 30-31 have similar limitations as claims 6, and 8-9.

Therefore, claims 28, 30-31 are rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 6, and 8-9.

29. Regarding claims 42,44-46 have similar limitations as claims 6, and 8-9.

Therefore, claims 42,44-46 are rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 6, and 8-9.

30. Claims 59-70 are rejected under 35 U.S.C 103(a) as being

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unpatentable over Bates, in view of Smith, in view of Pulley, and further in view of Wanderski C., (US Patent No.. 6147687).

31. Regarding claim 59, Bates, Smith, and Pully failed to teach displaying the tree, and wherein identify the location ...

However, Wanderski further discloses a method according to claim 14, wherein the hierarchy includes a tree, wherein determining the location of the correspondent comprises determining the location of the correspondent in the tree, wherein displaying the hierarchy comprises displaying the tree, and wherein identifying the location of the correspondent comprises identifying the location of the correspondent in the tree (Wanderski, col.8, l.45-56, col.11, l.11-39, col.12, l.13-20, l.58-63).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the display symbol and color of Bates as modified by the teaching of Wanderski to display the tree.

The motivation would be combined Wanderski's displaying tree provide a useful capability like identifying the location for Bates analyzing and displaying of nature of email. In addition, the graphical movement of Bates as modified by the teaching of Pulley will be effectively improved.

32. Regarding claim 60, claiming including a hierarchy of the organization which is similar to the tree in the claim 59. Therefore, claim 60 is rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 60.

33. Regarding to claim 61, Wanderski further discloses a method according to claim 18, wherein the hierarchy information includes organizational hierarchical information about the member, and wherein receiving the hierarchical information comprises receiving the organizational hierarchical information (Wanderski, col.8, l.45-56, in which requests for the organizational information just like a file store at the hierarchical tree ).

34. Regarding to claim 62, Wanderski further discloses a method according to claim 20, wherein the hierarchy includes a tree, wherein displaying the hierarchy comprises displaying the tree including the members in the set, and wherein displaying the propagation history comprises displaying the propagation history with respect to the tree. (Wanderski, col.9, l.63-67, col. 10, l.1-6, in which the application specific processing like displaying the organizational members be obvious to one of the ordinary skill, as long as the application data exists in the directory).

35. Regarding claims 63-66, claiming for the apparatus have similar limitations as claims 59-62. Therefore, claims 63-66 are rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 59-62.

36. Regarding claims 67-70, claiming for the computer program have similar limitations as claims 59-62. Therefore, claims 67-70 are rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 59-62.

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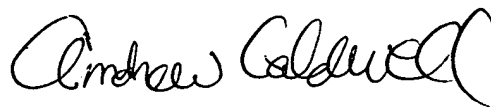
***Conclusion***

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kelvin Lin whose telephone number is 571-272-3898. The examiner can normally be reached on Flexible 4/9/5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrew Caldwell can be reached on 571-272-3868. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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KYL



**ANDREW CALDWELL  
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER**